

ROYAL VISITORS NOW ARE EN ROUTE

Arrive in New York To-
Day to Be Guests
of Reids.

SOCIAL PROGRAM IS VERY CROWDED

Ambassador and Wife Disclaim
Any Intention of "Weeding
Out" Society in Their Enter-
tainment of Duke and Duch-
ess of Connaught and
Princess Patricia.

Ottawa, January 21.—Canada's Governor-General, the Duke of Connaught, accompanied by the duchess and their daughter, the Princess Patricia, left this afternoon for New York, to be the guests for four days of Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador to Great Britain, and Mrs. Reid. The ducal party left on the car Cornwall and York, and were attended by Lieutenant-Colonel Rivers, military secretary; Captain Rivers-Bulleke, aide-de-camp; Captain Beaupre, comptroller of the vice-regal household; Miss Pelley, lady in waiting, and several servants. The visit is to be strictly informal, and there will be no official recognition of it on the part of American authorities. It is the outcome of a promise made by the duke to Ambassador Reid some time ago, and of which Mr. Reid recently reminded the Governor-General.

First Visit in Fifty-two Years.
New York, January 21.—The arrival here to-morrow of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will mark the first visit of British royalty to New York City since fifty-two years ago, when the then Prince of Wales, who later became Edward VII., traveled from New York to the Far West, where he hunted buffalo and made a society here have prepared to extend a welcome befitting the royal visitors.

Whitelaw Reid, ambassador to the court of St. James, and Mrs. Reid will not act as host and hostess of the ducal party, which will arrive Monday at 2 P. M. The party will be driven to Ambassador Reid's home and remain there until Thursday afternoon.

The program is altogether a social one, as the royal visitors desire to avoid the official of public functions which an official visit would make necessary. The program thus far arranged follows:

Monday noon—The Reids give a luncheon at their home, with the visitors and several New York friends.

Monday afternoon—Sightseeing tours about the city.

Monday evening—An informal dinner at the Reid home, with Cardinal Farley one of the guests. A musicale will follow the dinner.

Tuesday afternoon—Luncheon and a sightseeing tour.

Tuesday evening—A formal dinner at the Reids', with several hundred New York society leaders invited to meet the royal guests, followed by a musicale.

Wednesday evening—Dinner and musicale at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills. Mr. Mills is a brother of Mrs. Reid.

Thursday afternoon—Departure for Ottawa.

Feel Reports Keenly.
Ambassador Reid made it known that both he and Mrs. Reid felt keenly the public reports that they intended to "weed out" certain elements in society in the matter of invitations. It was said that there was no attempt to discriminate. In none of the arrangements has any particular reference been made to the entertainment of Princess Patricia. She is the first princess of the royal blood of England ever to set foot on the soil of the United States. She is pretty and as demure as a girl as is found in the royal rank in Europe. Her popularity at home is unbounded, and she was the favorite niece of the late King Edward. She is an accomplished housewife and has shot big game in Africa. It is said that she once refused the proffered hand of King Alfonso of Spain.

Taft Not Offended.
Washington, D. C., January 21.—In confining his visit to the United States to a short stay in New York, the Duke of Connaught, the uncle of George V. of England, has not offended President Taft, nor has the fact that he would not come to Washington caused any great surprise in official circles here. The White House knew several weeks ago that the duke would not come to Washington.

Whitelaw Reid, United States ambassador to Great Britain, when he was a luncheon guest at the White House early in the month, explained to (Miss) Reid that the duke was to pay only an unofficial visit to the United States and that he desired to avoid all of the official "pomp and circumstance" that would necessarily accompany a trip to the capital. He was understood to wish for a "day off" to see something of New York, and President Taft was said to be thoroughly in sympathy with the duke's wishes.

HAS DECIDED ON HOOK

Believed Taft Will Send His Nomination in This Week.

Washington, January 21.—Among friends of President Taft it was generally understood to-night that the nomination of United States Circuit Judge Hook, of Kansas, to the Supreme Court, succeeding the late Justice Harlan, would be sent to the Senate during the present week. Objections to Judge Hook, referred to Attorney-General Wickham, it was said, have not proved convincing to the President, and he is inclined to make the appointment shortly.

The President got back from New York early to-day.

NO RISE IN PRICES

Baltimore Promises Real Southern Hospitality to Democrats.

Baltimore, Md., January 21.—Chairman Norman E. Mack, of the Democratic National Committee, came to Baltimore to-day to confer with Robert Crain, chairman of the local Democratic Convention Committee. Mr. Mack was accompanied by John A. Mason, secretary to Governor Dix, of New York, and secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee of New York. They arrived at 9 A. M. and left for New York at 5 P. M. Mr. Mack said the arrangements at the Fifth Regiment Armory will be modeled after those at the convention hall in Denver. At least two additional exhibits will be provided, additional exhibits erected at each end of the hall and the present gallery extended. As soon as blue prints of plans are received from the architects, Mr. Mack will call a meeting of the committee on arrangements, which probably will be held here within the next ten days. This committee will consist of ten members and will be announced by Mr. Mack in New York to-morrow.

"I wish the news to be spread broadcast that Baltimore will be prepared to entertain all who may come," Mr. Mack said. "I believe that Baltimore is amply able to handle the crowds."

"MOONSHINER" IN COURT

Supreme Tribunal Will Pass on Case From Virginia.

Washington, January 21.—From his modest little home in the Virginia mountains, John Powers, who is to-morrow to counsel before the Supreme Court of the United States to show, if he can, why he should not be held guilty of "moonshining." It is the first time in years that the highest court in the land has been called upon to deal with an alleged illicit still.

Powers was tried at Big Stone Gap, Va., in 1909, on charges of connection with a still, and was convicted. He was sentenced to prison for one year, but was pardoned after six months. He claims that his constitutional rights against being compelled to testify against himself were violated in the prosecution.

It is made that the trial court admitted testimony about an alleged confession Powers made of his connection with a distillery other than the one for which he was arrested. It is urged that Powers made the "confession" after he was told by officials of the government examining him at a preliminary hearing that he would be put in jail if he did not answer.

GOING TO LONDON

Dr. Len G. Broughton Accepts Call to Christ Church.

Atlanta, Ga., January 21.—Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle, the first institutional church to be founded in the South, to-day tendered his resignation to the congregation, to become effective April 1.

He will go to the pastorate of Christ Church, London, England, succeeding Dr. E. B. Myer, another widely known divine.

The present Tabernacle was founded by Dr. Broughton about nine years ago, but he was pastor of the old Jones Avenue Church, which it succeeded, for the six preceding years. Before coming to Atlanta he held charges at Winston-Salem, N. C., and Roanoke, Va. The Tabernacle is known as the home of the International Bible Conference, for which several thousand ministers of all denominations gather here yearly.

JURY SAYS THEY ARE GUILTY

Humphrey and Thorsen Convicted of Darling Jewelry Robbery.

Chicago, Ill., January 21.—Albert Humphrey and Martin Thorsen were found guilty in the criminal Court here of robbing Edward Albert, a jeweler, on Milwaukee Avenue, on the Northwest Side, of jewelry valued at \$20,000.

The Albert robbery stirred the city because of its daring. Several men drove up in an automobile, entered the place and held up the jeweler, Albert, his wife and father and five customers and a salesman. Carrying the bound persons into a rear room, the thieves took their time at looting the place, but overlooked the salesman's name card.

They drove away in their automobile as a police patrol wagon turned a corner several blocks away, having been summoned by neighbors.

OCCUPY GHIRGARISH

Italian Troops Meet With No Opposition From Turks.

Tripoli, January 21.—The Italian forces have occupied Ghirgarish, a small oasis, situated about ten miles along the coast to the west of the town. They met with no opposition.

Blockade Declared

Rome, January 21.—A blockade has been declared of the Turkish coast near Ho. An. to Ras of Goulia.

Be Arded by Warship

Constantinople, January 21.—The town of Khan Yunus, on the Syrian coast, has been bombarded by an Italian warship, according to advices reaching here. There is considerable talk of collective intervention by the powers to end the war, but it meets with nothing but derision in Constantinople. The government organ, Tanin, avers that no Ottoman or Ottoman Cabinet would ever agree to abandon Tripoli and Cyrenaea in return for the payment of indemnity.

TARIFF INKING BEGINS THIS WEEK

Iron and Steel Schedule Will Be Called Up.

DRASTIC CUTS ARE PROPOSED

Republicans Charging That Democrats Are Purposely Delaying Legislation So That Congress May Be Kept in Session Beyond Dates of National Conventions.

Washington, D. C., January 21.—Steel tariff revision will occupy the center of the stage in the House this week, and the long expected tariff fight will be on for months.

Both houses of Congress have shown marked lethargy in the past week, the idea apparently being to head off miscellaneous legislation so as to leave the field clear for tariff, Panama Canal appropriations and other questions that will be acted upon at this session. The Senate has been especially slow to take up only the pending arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France, and no limit has yet been set for the discussion along this line. Republican Representatives already have complained that the tariff revision program has been delayed deliberately for political purposes and that the Democrats are figuring on keeping Congress in session beyond the dates of the national conventions, so as to conduct the Democratic campaign largely on the floor of the House. Democratic leaders, particularly Chairman Underwood, of the Ways and Means Committee, say the plans for revising the important schedules have progressed as far as possible and that the revised iron and steel schedule, all that the committee has been able to prepare, despite the fact that the committee has been working day and night.

Caucus Will Approve It

The iron and steel schedule will be submitted Tuesday afternoon to a caucus of the Democratic Representatives for ratification. Mr. Underwood said to-day that he believed the caucus would approve it, that the bill would be presented to the full membership of the Ways and Means Committee immediately, and that the real tariff inking in the House might begin by Wednesday, when he expects to vote upon the measure. It is barely possible, however, that these dates may be changed to later in the week.

The revised schedule will put iron ore on the free list, cut the tariff on wrought iron and steel by 50 per cent., and make reductions ranging upward from 30 per cent. on manufacturers of steel. The lower reductions applying to articles requiring skilled labor.

To-morrow will be a busy day in Congress. President Farrell and J. A. Reed, counsel for Andrew Carnegie, will testify before the House committee on steel tariff affairs. The report on the Wiley pure food controversy will be submitted to the House.

Senator Lorimer will resume his defense before the elections investigating committee. The Senate Committee on pension measure will discuss the so-called Wickham trust before the Senate Committee on Judiciary.

To Oppose Pending.
Senator Bryan, of Florida, will speak to-morrow in executive session to pending pension general legislation.

Hearings on a resolution to investigate the financial situation of the country, with particular reference to the existence of a money trust, will be held this week.

The decision of the Committee on Public Buildings to report a \$18,000,000 omnibus public building bill, and the recent decision of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors to report a general rivers and harbors bill, both measures popularly known as "pork barrels," in the interest of congressional constituencies, and both decided upon against the protest of the Democratic leaders, probably will reach soon in a Democratic caucus on reform and higher power.

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AEROPLANE FOR ARMY

Wright to Work Out Plans for New Type of Machine.

Augusta, Ga., January 21.—The resignation of a conference between Wilbur Wright, Captain, Chief Engineer, and other officers of the signal corps, and the army's aviation camp in Augusta, will, it is stated, be the development of a machine capable of carrying a greater amount of armament and of flying successfully in winds which the present machine cannot navigate.

Mr. Wright, after spending a day and a half with the army officers at the camp here, left this afternoon for Dayton, to work out plans for a new type and higher power engine than that now in use. With the development of higher power, it is understood the aeroplane could carry, in addition to an officer and operator, the necessary amount of increased weight in wireless apparatus, distance-measuring instruments, maps and like paraphernalia.

PLOT TO KILL AMERICAN

Attempt Was Made to Create Political Incident.

Teheran, January 21.—A plot to kill one of the American officials has been discovered, and this explains the attempt against the American, Colonel Bruce, attached to the treasury department, who was shot at while leaving the barracks January 16. A former officer of the gendarmes has made a confession of the plot in which he implicated himself. The object appears to have been to create a political incident in which the United States would be involved.

Moderate Weather Promised for Week

Washington, D. C., January 21.—There is nothing at the present time to indicate that a general cold wave will cross the country this week. The bulletin issued by the Weather Bureau to-night says temperatures will average near or above the normal throughout the country.

Generally fair weather, the bulletin continues, will prevail east of the Rocky Mountains, except that a short period of rains and snows will attend a disturbance that will appear in the Far West Tuesday or Wednesday, cross the Middle West about Thursday and the Atlantic States Friday and Saturday.

"There are indications that general rains will set in over the Pacific States by the middle of the week and continue several days. Moderate weather and normal conditions will prevail over the North Atlantic steamship route during the coming week."

"YSOBEL" IS GREAT SUCCESS

Mascagni's Opera Produced at La Scala, Milan.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.) Milan, January 21.—The production of Mascagni's "Ysobel" at La Scala here last night, was a great success for all concerned.

The prospective duel between the composer and the Duke of Modrone because the latter was insulted when he refused to order the premiere postponed, probably will be decided off on account of the good feeling over the triumph of the production.

There has been trouble over "Ysobel" ever since it was announced that it would be produced in December, 1910. It was not ready at that time, and the composer got very indignant because he could not produce it in Rome in his own manner. Then there was a row with Liebler & Company, of New York, who had engaged Bessie Abbott and a fine company to produce the opera in the United States. The Lieblers dropped the opera after Mascagni had sued them for breach of contract. In Italy, Mascagni was awarded damages against the Lieblers, as was also San Zogno, the music publisher, and some of the artists brought suit against the managers in New York. All Italy was stirred up over the matter for some time, and the excitement was added to the management of the Rome exposition again refused to produce the opera on Mascagni's terms. It was finally produced in Buenos Ayres on June 2, 1911, and achieved a great success. The production there was for the purpose of protecting the copyright.

ABSCONDER IS ARRESTED

Information Leading to Capture Given by His Wife.

Savannah, Ga., January 21.—At the request of the police of Philadelphia, W. Atwood Snowden, alias J. C. Wilson, was arrested here to-day. He is said to be a former cashier of a Philadelphia trust company, and is alleged to have absconded with \$3,000 of the company's funds.

Information leading to the arrest of Snowden is said to have been furnished by his wife, who is in Philadelphia. It is stated he sent a message to her last night in which he had given her, and she turned the message over to detectives, revealing his whereabouts and alias.

Lost Money Gambling

Philadelphia, Pa., January 21.—W. Atwood Snowden, who was arrested in Savannah to-day, was assistant editor of the Trust Company of North America. At the time of his disappearance last July it was stated that his pecuniary amount to \$3,000, but later it was learned that the young man had lost nearly \$100,000. It is said that Snowden lost the money in gambling.

SOCIALISTS LOSING

Results of Second Ballot for Reichstag Decided Against Them.

Berlin, January 21.—Second ballots were held in seventy-seven districts yesterday for members of the Reichstag, and everybody is surprised at the results, which are decidedly against the Socialists. The results in seventy-three of the seventy-seven districts were announced, and show the elected representatives as follows:

Socialists, 7; Progressives, 16; National Liberals, 21; Conservatives, 17; Centrists, 7; and other parties 5.

The candidates elected on the account of the second ballot were: Posadowsky, formerly imperial secretary of State; Herr Bassmann, the National Liberal leader; Baron von Richthofen, formerly of the German embassy at Washington; Herr Pachtke, Herr Muehl-Meiningen and General Lieber, the leading Chauvinists.

There is no excitement in Berlin over the result. Eighty more ballots will be held on January 23, and thirty-five on January 25.

Summoned to Appear

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Bristol, Va., January 21.—E. Gouge and others, of the Gouge Distilling Company here, which plant was seized by the Federal Court, have been summoned to appear in the Federal Court at Abingdon, Va., during the next term, and show cause, if any, why the attachment against the company's plant should not be executed and the business forfeited. The plant is one of large capacity, and in the seizure was included a large quantity of whiskey, probably more than 10,000 gallons.

Sneak Thief Gets 375

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Raleigh, N. C., January 21.—The police are looking in vain thus far for one of the boldest sneak thieves this city has known in a great while. J. Thompson, a prominent farmer of this county, had just cashed a check for \$375 last evening when the money was snatched from his hand on Wilmington Street, and the thief disappeared around the corner. No trace of him and no clue to his identity has been discovered.

CHINESE PREMIER IN GRAVE DANGER

Train Held Ready to Aid in Escape From Peking.

THINKS MANCHU CAUSE IS LOST

If Yuan Shi Kai Resigns, His Attitude Will Be Republican. Abdication of Throne Not Yet Accomplished, and Younger Princes Continue in Warlike Mood.

Peking, January 21.—A special train has been held in readiness since Friday to take Yuan Shi Kai to Tientsin. It was evidently the Premier's plan to transfer the provisional capital to that city, where the danger from Manchus was slight. Apparently he intended to escape from Peking as soon as the abdication was signed, but the reactionary princes gained the upper hand temporarily, and prevented the issuance of the edict. Meantime the republican ultimatum arrived, resulting in a complete change of position. The ultimatum demanded the abdication of the throne and the surrender of the sovereign powers, and set forth the refusal of the republicans to permit Yuan Shi Kai to participate in the provisional government until the republic had been recognized by the foreign powers and the country restored to peace.

May Need Train.
Premier Yuan still may have need of the special train, because he is expected to refuse to carry on the government at Peking without abdication, and his troops will be subject to the gravest Manchurian hostilities.

The ex-war Minister, Yin-Tehang, and the ex-president of the Board of War, Tsch-Liang, are mentioned as possible successors to Yuan Shi Kai.

Both are Manchus, and therefore, should the throne appoint either of them, it would be a breach of one of the nineteen constitutional pledges, but national exigencies might be considered a substantial excuse for such action.

Many of the Chinese troops are at present loyal to Yuan Shi Kai. It is not known how far this loyalty extends, but it is believed that the Manchus and inner Mongols would then be left without support.

Another meeting of the princes of the imperial clan will be held to-morrow. Those favoring the republic probably will be absent themselves, so that it is difficult to see how a definite decision can be reached. Those who desire to continue the fighting, for the most part, have nothing to lose. Prince Ching, the eldest son of the emperor, is said to be spending his wealth in supporting armies which may not be victorious. Ching has received many threats from Manchus soldiers. It is said that one of them warned him not to try to escape.

Prominent Manchus and Chinese are deserting Peking hastily with their families and seeking safety in the foreign settlements at Tientsin, Tientsin, and elsewhere. The foreign legations are urged to discuss measures against the abdication of the republicans ultimatum, although several of them anticipate that intervention will sooner or later be forced upon them.

A fight to the death is the spirit of the younger Manchus princes, and it has resulted from the wavering of the Yuan Shi Kai's position is considered by his friends as considerably shaken. The young Manchus are urged to discuss measures against the abdication of the republicans ultimatum, although several of them anticipate that intervention will sooner or later be forced upon them.

The principal ceremony of the week will be a formal installation of the Cardinal at St. Patrick's Cathedral next Thursday. Clergymen from all parts of the United States and Canada will participate.

THOUSANDS TURNED AWAY

Great Public Reception at Hippodrome in Honor of Cardinal Farley.

New York, January 21.—A great public reception arranged for the late of the archdiocese for Cardinal Farley in the Hippodrome to-night opened a week which will be filled with a round of honors for him, and in which Catholic and non-Catholic citizens will unite. The reception, however, was a disappointment because the big Hippodrome was not large enough to seat them.

United States Senator James A. O'Connor presided, and Cardinal Farley occupied a seat on a dais at the center of the platform. His speech listened to eulogistic addresses by former Congressman W. Bourke Cockran and others, and was presented with a set of engraved resolutions from the Catholic hierarchy, including the Pope for the signal honor conferred upon the New York archbishop.

His Eminence made a modest address, in which he thanked the people for the honor they had bestowed upon him.

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FAMILY IS MURDERED

Six Wholesome Negro Slaughtered Within a Year.

Lake Charles, La., January 21.—Badly mutilated, the bodies of Felix Broussard, his wife and three children, aged eight, six and three, negroes, were found to-day in their home here, the second wholesome negro murder in this State within a year, and the sixth within a year. A bloody axe with which the crime apparently was committed was found beneath the bed upon which the bodies lay.

No clue to the murderer has been found, and the investigation is being pushed. The bodies were found on the front door of the Broussard home.

"When He maketh the inquisition for blood He forgetteth not the cry of the humblest human being." In many respects the crime is identical with the murder in Crowley, La. last Thursday of a negro woman and her three children. Two similar crimes during the past year were committed at Lafayette, La., two at Crowley and one at Ray, La. In each instance an entire family was murdered.

HAREM OUTHREADED

Even Sultan Would Have Been Surprised at Golet Dance.

GOMPERS IS DEFIANT

Challenges Heyburn to Prove Charges in Court of Law.

Washington, January 21.—Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, is challenged by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in an editorial in the Saturday issue of the American Federationist to produce in a court of law any evidence which he may have on any illegal acts performed by Mr. Gompers.

The editorial is based upon the occurrence in the Senate on Thursday when Senator Heyburn declared that no communication should be received from Mr. Gompers "because of the facts disclosed in the McNamara trial and subsequent thereto. The Idaho Senator also declared that the president of the American Federation of Labor was not qualified to address a communication to Congress or to the government. Referring to his challenge to Detective Burns and his sponsors to produce in a court of law any charge which either or both of them may bring against him, President Gompers, addressing Mr. Heyburn, continues:

"I now and here include you, and I defy you and challenge you to produce in a court of law any such evidence. You will observe that I specifically state 'in a court of law,' rather than under the constitutional protection which surrounds your privilege to wag your unbridled tongue in indirection and insinuation."

After declaring that he has been a citizen of the United States since 1872, Senator Gompers says in conclusion: "There is a spontaneous demand for the nomination of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt by the national convention in Chicago next June."

This evidence shows that there is one effective and far-reaching organization, backed by plenty of money and guided by some of the shrewdest and most skillful politicians in the Republic. The Roosevelt boom is a wonder, they say, but it is far from being a headless wonder.

The Taft leaders are aware of what is going on in the Roosevelt organization. In fact, so little effort is made by the Roosevelt organizers to conceal their tracks that almost anybody who keeps half an eye open for political developments may see what is doing.

Managed by Experts.
The Roosevelt "spontaneous" is expertly managed and carefully drilled, to be sure, but it would take more than drill and management to cover up the organized effort which is behind it. Of course, organization alone would not accomplish results. If there were no genuine popularity for the candidate, as plenty of "busted" booms prove. But neither would mere popularity do the trick, if there were not a persistent organization to lead.

The Roosevelt organization has demonstrated its achievement in the few days from Maine to Oregon, and from Minnesota to the Gulf. There is as much energy expended in the effort to develop "spontaneous" demonstrations for Colonel Roosevelt as there is in the effort to obtain delegates to the national convention in Chicago next June.

The Taft managers, however, were himself taking any part in the direction of this organization which is working so industriously to nominate him for the presidency, but they are remarking on the obvious coincidence of late of the visits of Taft men to New York and their subsequent achievement in the Roosevelt move. Still, the expected desire of the president to have a Republican attack by his friends on Colonel Roosevelt is being headed by the Taft supporters.

The recent declaration of Governor Glasscock, of West Virginia, urging the people of that State to see to it that Roosevelt is not chosen as delegate to the national convention, was elicited to-day as an example of cleverness with which the Roosevelt movement is being directed. Men who know Governor Glasscock well are saying that the style of his statement is of itself evidence that it was not its author. The suggestion is made that it came from one who is on more intimate terms with Colonel Roosevelt than Governor Glasscock has maintained.

In fact, it is credited by some of the Taft supporters with being one of the Roosevelt booms.

Money Is Plentiful

There is no doubt that the Roosevelt boomers have plenty of money, and evidence of their willingness to part with it has come frequently to the Taft managers. Thousands of dollars have been sent into Ohio for finance. But it is not so well known that other instances chairmen or other members of State committees have been assured that ample funds would be available to finance operations aimed to push the campaign for Roosevelt's nomination.

In spite of all this activity, however, the Taft managers are satisfied that the president is going strong. The trip to New Haven and New York furnished new evidence in support of their expectations that within a comparatively short time the situation with respect to Colonel Roosevelt will be made clear and after that the complexity which now involves the Republican situation will disappear.

First Attack on Harmon

Columbus, Ohio, January 21.—The Progressive Democratic League of Ohio, organized January 2, with the avowed purpose of hindering Governor Harmon's presidential chances, but which refrained from mentioning his name in the initial meeting, to-day began its first direct attack on the State's Executive. The first move of the league, of which it was said 100,000 copies are to be distributed, were sent out by former Congressman John J. Lentz, president of the organization, and W. W. Durbin, of Kenton, secretary.

The pamphlet attacked Governor Harmon as being the choice of Wall Street. It professed that the time is ripe for a Democratic victory, and warned Democrats not to lose the chance of this victory by the nomination of any big progressive candidate.

First Delegates for Colonel

Chicago, January 21.—Political leaders here expressed belief to-day that by action taken last night Theodore Roosevelt was assured of his first two delegates to the Chicago convention. The move was made in the First Illinois Congressional District, which in 1908 was the initial one in the State to take an open stand for the

ITS SPONTANEITY IS MANUFACTURED

Colonel Roosevelt's Boom Not a Headless Wonder.

SHREWD MINDS ARE BEHIND IT

Taft Managers Realize That Former President's Campaign Is Being Adroitly Managed by Powerful Organization With Plentiful of Funds. Still Won't Attack Him.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Washington, D. C., January 21.—According to some of the Taft political managers here, evidence is accumulating in their hands that there is more than a "spontaneous" demand from the rank and file of the Republic party in the current movement for the nomination of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt by the national convention in Chicago next June.

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